2003 AIME I

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Question 1

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Given that

$$\frac{((3!)!)!}{3!} = k \cdot n!$$

where k and n are positive integers and n is as large as possible, find $k + n$.

Answer: [   ]

Question 2

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

One hundred concentric circles with radii $1, 2, 3, \ldots, 100$ are drawn in a plane. The interior of the circle of radius 1 is colored red, and each region bounded by consecutive circles is colored either red or green, with no two adjacent regions the same color. The ratio of the total area of the green regions to the area of the circle of radius 100 can be expressed as m/n, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. Find $m + n$.

Answer: [   ]

Question 3

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Let the set $\mathcal{S} = \{8, 5, 1, 13, 34, 3, 21, 2\}$. Susan makes a list as follows: for each two-element subset of $\mathcal{S}$, she writes on her list the greater of the set's two elements. Find the sum of the numbers on the list.

Answer: [   ]

Question 4

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Given that $\log_{10} \sin x + \log_{10} \cos x = -1$ and that $\log_{10} (\sin x + \cos x) = \frac{1}{2}(\log_{10} n - 1)$, find n.

Answer: [   ]

Question 5

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Consider the set of points that are inside or within one unit of a rectangular parallelepiped (box) that measures 3 by 4 by 5 units. Given that the volume of this set is $\frac{m+n\pi}{p}$, where m, n, and p are positive integers, and n and p are relatively prime, find $m + n + p$.

Answer: [   ]

Question 6

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

The sum of the areas of all triangles whose vertices are also vertices of a 1 by 1 by 1 cube is $m + \sqrt{n} + \sqrt{p}$, where m, n, and p are integers. Find $m + n + p$.

Answer:

Question 7

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Point B is on $\overline{AC}$ with $AB = 9$ and $BC = 21$. Point D is not on $\overline{AC}$ so that $AD = CD$, and AD and BD are integers. Let s be the sum of all possible perimeters of $\triangle ACD$. Find s.

Answer:

Question 8

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

In an increasing sequence of four positive integers, the first three terms form an arithmetic progression, the last three terms form a geometric progression, and the first and fourth terms differ by 30. Find the sum of the four terms.

Answer:

Question 9

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

An integer between 1000 and 9999, inclusive, is called *balanced* if the sum of its two leftmost digits equals the sum of its two rightmost digits. How many balanced integers are there?

Answer:

Question 10

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Triangle ABC is isosceles with $AC = BC$ and $\angle ACB = 106°$. Point M is in the interior of the triangle so that $\angle MAC = 7°$ and $\angle MCA = 23°$. Find the number of degrees in $\angle CMB$.

Answer:

Question 11

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

An angle x is chosen at random from the interval $0° < x < 90°$. Let p be the probability that the numbers $\sin^2 x$, $\cos^2 x$, and $\sin x \cos x$ are not the lengths of the sides of a triangle. Given that $p = d/n$, where d is the number of degrees in $\arctan m$ and m and n are positive integers with $m + n < 1000$, find $m + n$.

Answer:

Question 12

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

In convex quadrilateral $ABCD$, $\angle A \cong \angle C$, $AB = CD = 180$, and $AD \neq BC$. The perimeter of $ABCD$ is 640. Find $\lfloor 1000 \cos A \rfloor$. (The notation $\lfloor x \rfloor$ means the greatest integer that is less than or equal to x.)

Answer:

Question 13

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

Let N be the number of positive integers that are less than or equal to 2003 and whose base-2 representation has more 1's than 0's. Find the remainder when N is divided by 1000.

Answer:

Question 14

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

The decimal representation of m/n, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers and $m < n$, contains the digits $2, 5$, and 1 consecutively, and in that order. Find the smallest value of n for which this is possible.

Answer:

Question 15

Not yet answered

Points out of 5

In $\triangle ABC$, $AB = 360$, $BC = 507$, and $CA = 780$. Let M be the midpoint of $\overline{CA}$, and let D be the point on $\overline{CA}$ such that $\overline{BD}$ bisects angle ABC. Let F be the point on $\overline{BC}$ such that $\overline{DF} \perp \overline{BD}$. Suppose that $\overline{DF}$ meets $\overline{BM}$ at E. The ratio $DE : EF$ can be written in the form m/n, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. Find $m + n$.

Answer: