

2019 AIME I

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Question 1

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

Consider the integer

$$N = 9 + 99 + 999 + 9999 + \cdots + \underbrace{99 \dots 99}_{321 ext{ digits}}.$$

Find the sum of the digits of N.

Answer:			
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Question 2

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

Jenn randomly chooses a number J from $1,2,3,\ldots,19,20$. Bela then randomly chooses a number B from $1,2,3,\ldots,19,20$ distinct from J. The value of B-J is at least 2 with a probability that can be expressed in the form $\frac{m}{n}$, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. Find m+n.

Answer:	
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Question 3

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

In $\triangle PQR$, PR=15, QR=20, and PQ=25. Points A and B lie on PQ, points C and D lie on \overline{QR} , and points E and F lie on \overline{PR} , with PA=QB=QC=RD=RE=PF=5. Find the area of hexagon ABCDEF.

Answer:	
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Question 4

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

A soccer team has 22 available players. A fixed set of 11 players starts the game, while the other 11 are available as substitutes. During the game, the coach may make as many as 3 substitutions, where any one of the 11 players in the game is replaced by one of the substitutes. No player removed from the game may reenter the game, although a substitute entering the game may be replaced later. No two substitutions can happen at the same time. The players involved and the order of the substitutions matter. Let n be the number of ways the coach can make substitutions during the game (including the possibility of making no substitutions). Find the remainder when n is divided by 1000.

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Question 5

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

A moving particle starts at the point (4,4) and moves until it hits one of the coordinate axes for the first time. When the particle is at the point (a,b), it moves at random to one of the points (a-1,b), (a,b-1), or (a-1,b-1), each with probability $\frac{1}{3}$, independently of its previous moves. The probability that it will hit the coordinate axes at (0,0) is $\frac{m}{3^n}$, where m and n are positive integers, and m is not divisible by n. Find n in n

Question 6

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

In convex quadrilateral KLMN side \overline{MN} is perpendicular to diagonal \overline{KM} , side \overline{KL} is perpendicular to diagonal \overline{LN} , MN=65, and KL=28. The line through L perpendicular to side \overline{KN} intersects diagonal \overline{KM} at O with KO=8. Find MO.

Answer:	
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Question 7

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

There are positive integers \boldsymbol{x} and \boldsymbol{y} that satisfy the system of equations

$$\log_{10} x + 2\log_{10}(\gcd(x,y)) = 60$$

 $\log_{10} y + 2\log_{10}(\operatorname{lcm}(x,y)) = 570.$

Let m be the number of (not necessarily distinct) prime factors in the prime factorization of x, and let n be the number of (not necessarily distinct) prime factors in the prime factorization of y. Find 3m+2n.

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Question 8

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

Let x be a real number such that $\sin^{10}x+\cos^{10}x=\frac{11}{36}$. Then $\sin^{12}x+\cos^{12}x=\frac{m}{n}$ where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. Find m+n.

Answer:	
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Question 9

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

Let $\tau(n)$ denote the number of positive integer divisors of n. Find the sum of the six least positive integers n that are solutions to $\tau(n) + \tau(n+1) = 7$.

Answer:	
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Question 10

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

For distinct complex numbers $z_1, z_2, \ldots, z_{673}$, the polynomial

$$(x-z_1)^3(x-z_2)^3\cdots(x-z_{673})^3$$

can be expressed as $x^{2019}+20x^{2018}+19x^{2017}+g(x)$, where g(x) is a polynomial with complex coefficients and with degree at most 2016. The value of

$$\left|\sum_{1 \leq j < k \leq 673} z_j z_k
ight|$$

can be expressed in the form $\frac{m}{n}$, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. Find m+n.

Answer:	
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Question 11

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

In $\triangle ABC$, the sides have integer lengths and AB=AC. Circle ω has its center at the incenter of $\triangle ABC$. An *excircle* of $\triangle ABC$ is a circle in the exterior of $\triangle ABC$ that is tangent to one side of the triangle and tangent to the extensions of the other two sides. Suppose that the excircle tangent to \overline{BC} is internally tangent to ω , and the other two excircles are both externally tangent to ω . Find the minimum possible value of the perimeter of $\triangle ABC$.

Question 12

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

Given $f(z)=z^2-19z$, there are complex numbers z with the property that z, f(z), and f(f(z)) are the vertices of a right triangle in the complex plane with a right angle at f(z). There are positive integers m and n such that one such value of z is $m+\sqrt{n}+11i$. Find m+n.

Answer:	
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Question 13

Not yet answered

Points out of 1

Triangle ABC has side lengths AB=4, BC=5, and CA=6. Points D and E are on ray AB with AB < AD < AE. The point $F \neq C$ is a point of intersection of the circumcircles of $\triangle ACD$ and $\triangle EBC$ satisfying DF=2 and EF=7. Then BE can be expressed as $\frac{a+b\sqrt{c}}{d}$, where a,b,c, and d are positive integers such that a and d are relatively prime, and c is not divisible by the square of any prime. Find a+b+c+d.

Answer:	
Answer:	

Question 14 Not yet answered Points out of 1	Find the least odd prime factor of $2019^8+1.$
Question 15 Not yet answered Points out of 1	Let \overline{AB} be a chord of a circle ω , and let P be a point on the chord \overline{AB} . Circle ω_1 passes through A and P and is internally tangent to ω . Circle ω_2 passes through B and P and is internally tangent to ω . Circles ω_1 and ω_2 intersect at points P and Q . Line PQ intersects ω at X and Y . Assume that $AP=5$, $PB=3$, $XY=11$, and $PQ^2=\frac{m}{n}$, where m and m are relatively prime positive integers. Find $m+n$.

Answer: