

# 2021 AMC 12A

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Question 1	What is th	What is the value of						
Not yet answered $2^{1+2+3}$ -				$^{2+3}-(2^1+2^2+2^3)?$				
Points out of 6	( <b>A</b> ) 0	<b>(B)</b> 50	(C) 52	<b>(D)</b> 54	(E) 57			
	$(\mathbf{A})$	( <b>D</b> ) 50	(0) 52	( <b>D</b> ) 54	( <b>E</b> ) 57			
	Select on	e:						
	<b>A</b> (							
	О В							
	⊖ <b>с</b>							
	O D							
	⊖ E							
	⊖ Leav	○ Leave blank (1.5 points)						

Question 2 Not yet answered Points out of 6	Under what conditions is $\sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = a + b$ true, where $a$ and $b$ are real numbers? (A) It is never true. (B) It is true if and only if $ab = 0$ . (C) It is true if and only if $a + b \ge 0$ . (D) It is true if and only if $ab = 0$ and $a + b \ge 0$ . (E) It is always true.						
	Select one:						
	○ <b>A</b>						
	○ B						
	○ <b>c</b>						
	○ <b>D</b>						
	○ E						
	<ul> <li>Leave blank (1.5 points)</li> </ul>						

		,						
(A) 10,272 (B) 11,700 (C) 13,362 (D) 14,238 (E) 15,426								
Select one:								
○ A								
ОВ								
○ C								
○ D								
○ E								
○ Leave blan	nk (1.5 points)							
	number is erase (A) 10,272 Select one: A B C C D E	number is erased, the other numb (A) 10,272 (B) 11,700 Select one: A B C D	number is erased, the other number is obtained. Wh (A) 10,272 (B) 11,700 (C) 13,362 Select one: A B C D E	number is erased, the other number is obtained. What is the difference (A) 10,272 (B) 11,700 (C) 13,362 (D) 14,238 Select one: A B C D E	Select one: A B C D E			

Question 4 Not yet answered Points out of 6	Tom has a collection of $13$ snakes, $4$ of which are purple and $5$ of which are happy. He observes that all of his happy snakes can add, none of his purple snakes can subtract, and all of his snakes that can't subtract also can't add. Which of these conclusions can be drawn about Tom's snakes?
	(A) Purple snakes can add. $(B)$ Purple snakes are happy. $(C)$ Snakes that can add are purple. $(D)$ Happy snakes are not purple. $(E)$ Happy snakes can't subtract.
	Select one:
	$\bigcirc$ A
	○ <b>B</b>
	○ <b>c</b>
	$\bigcirc$ D
	○ E
	─ Leave blank (1.5 points)

When a student multiplied the number 66 by the repeating decimal,

Not yet answered

Points out of 6

where a and b are digits, he did not notice the notation and just multiplied 66 times  $\underline{1}$ .  $\underline{a}$   $\underline{b}$ . Later he found that his answer is 0.5 less than the correct answer. What is the 2-digit integer  $\underline{a}$   $\underline{b}$ ?

 $\underline{1}$ .  $\underline{a}$   $\underline{b}$   $\underline{a}$   $\underline{b}$ ... =  $\underline{1}$ .  $\overline{\underline{a}}$   $\underline{b}$ ,

<b>(A)</b> 15	<b>(B)</b> 30	<b>(C)</b> 45	<b>(D)</b> 60	<b>(E)</b> 75
Select one:				
о <b>в</b>				
⊖ <b>C</b>				
○ D				
○ E				
○ Leave b	lank (1.5 poi	nts)		

#### Question 6

Not yet answered Points out of 6 A deck of cards has only red cards and black cards. The probability of a randomly chosen card being red is  $\frac{1}{3}$ . When 4 black cards are added to the deck, the probability of choosing red becomes  $\frac{1}{4}$ . How many cards were in the deck originally? (A) 6 (B) 9 (C) 12 (D) 15 (E) 18

Select one:

A
B
C
D
E

○ Leave blank (1.5 points)

Question <b>7</b> Not yet answered	What is the least possible value of $(xy-1)^2 + (x+y)^2$ for real numbers $x$ and $y$ ?							
Not yet answered       (A) 0       (B) $\frac{1}{4}$ (C) $\frac{1}{2}$ (D) 1       (E) 2         Points out of 6								
	Select one:							
	$\bigcirc$ A							
	○ <b>B</b>							
	○ <b>c</b>							
	○ <b>D</b>							
	○ E							
	○ Leave blank (1.5 points)							

Question 8 Not yet answered Points out of 6	A sequence of numbers is defined by $D_0 = 0$ , $D_1 = 0$ , $D_2 = 1$ , and $D_n = D_{n-1} + D_{n-3}$ for $n \ge 3$ . What are the parities (evenness or oddness) of the triple of numbers $(D_{2021}, D_{2022}, D_{2023})$ , where E denotes even and O denotes odd?								
Folints out of 0	(A) (O, E, O)	<b>(B)</b> (E, E, O)	(C) (E, O, E)	<b>(D)</b> (O, O, E)	<b>(E)</b> (O, O, O)				
	Select one:								
	○ <b>B</b>								
	○ C								
	○ D								
	○ E								
	○ Leave blank ( <sup>*</sup>	1.5 points)							

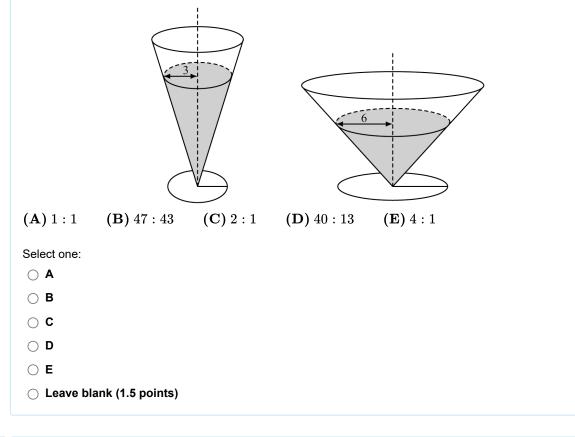
Which of the following is equivalent to									
$(2+3)(2^2+3^2)(2^4+3^4)(2^8+3^8)(2^{16}+3^{16})(2^{32}+3^{32})(2^{64}+3^{64})?$									
(A) $3^{127} + 2^{127}$	(B) $3^{127} + 2^{127} + 2 \cdot 3^{63} + 3 \cdot 2^{63}$	$(\mathbf{C}) \ 3^{128} - 2^{128}$	(D) $3^{128} + 2^{128}$	(E) 5 <sup>12</sup>					
Select one:									
○ A									
ОВ									
○ <b>C</b>									
○ D									
○ E									
<ul> <li>Leave blank (1.</li> </ul>	5 points)								
	(2 - (A) $3^{127} + 2^{127}$ Select one: $\bigcirc$ A $\bigcirc$ B $\bigcirc$ C $\bigcirc$ D $\bigcirc$ E	$(2+3)(2^2+3^2)(2^4+3^4)(2^8+3^8)(2^{16}+3^{127}+2^{127}+2^{127}+2\cdot 3^{63}+3\cdot 2^{63})$ (A) $3^{127}+2^{127}$ (B) $3^{127}+2^{127}+2\cdot 3^{63}+3\cdot 2^{63}$ Select one: $\bigcirc$ A $\bigcirc$ B $\bigcirc$ C $\bigcirc$ D	$(2+3)(2^{2}+3^{2})(2^{4}+3^{4})(2^{8}+3^{8})(2^{16}+3^{16})(2^{32}+3^{32})(2^{64}+3^{16})(2^{32}+3^{32})(2^{64}+3^{127}+2^{127}+2^{127}+2^{127}+2\cdot 3^{63}+3\cdot 2^{63})$ (C) $3^{128}-2^{128}$ Select one: $\bigcirc A$ $\bigcirc B$ $\bigcirc C$ $\bigcirc D$ $\bigcirc E$	$(2+3)(2^{2}+3^{2})(2^{4}+3^{4})(2^{8}+3^{8})(2^{16}+3^{16})(2^{32}+3^{32})(2^{64}+3^{64})?$ (A) $3^{127}+2^{127}$ (B) $3^{127}+2^{127}+2\cdot 3^{63}+3\cdot 2^{63}$ (C) $3^{128}-2^{128}$ (D) $3^{128}+2^{128}$ Select one: $\bigcirc A$ $\bigcirc B$ $\bigcirc C$ $\bigcirc D$ $\bigcirc E$					

# ${\tt Question}~10$

# Not yet answered

Points out of 6

Two right circular cones with vertices facing down as shown in the figure below contain the same amount of liquid. The radii of the tops of the liquid surfaces are 3 cm and 6 cm. Into each cone is dropped a spherical marble of radius 1 cm, which sinks to the bottom and is completely submerged without spilling any liquid. What is the ratio of the rise of the liquid level in the narrow cone to the rise of the liquid level in the wide cone?



 Question 11
 A laser is placed at the point (3, 5). The laser beam travels in a straight line. Larry wants the beam to hit and bounce off the y-axis, then hit and bounce off the x-axis, then hit the point (7, 5). What is the total distance the beam will travel along this path?

 Points out of 6
 (A)  $2\sqrt{10}$  (B)  $5\sqrt{2}$  (C)  $10\sqrt{2}$  (D)  $15\sqrt{2}$  (E)  $10\sqrt{5}$  

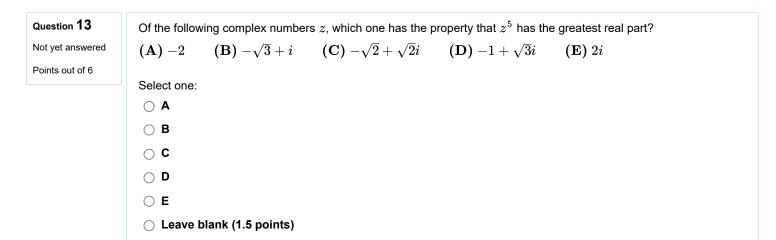
 Select one:
 A

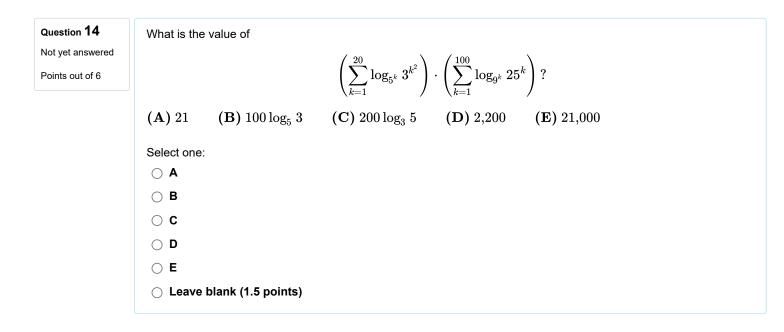
 B
 C

 D
 E

Leave blank (1.5 points)

			$z^4 + Bz^3 + Cz$	$z^2+Dz+16$ are positive integers, possibly
<b>(A)</b> -88	<b>(B)</b> -80	<b>(C)</b> −64	<b>(D)</b> -41	<b>(E)</b> −40
Select one:				
○ A				
ОВ				
○ <b>c</b>				
O D				
○ E				
C Leave bl	ank (1.5 points	5)		
	repeated. Wh (A) -88 Select one: A B C C D E	repeated. What is the value of $(\mathbf{A}) - 88$ $(\mathbf{B}) - 80$ Select one: $\mathbf{A}$ $\mathbf{B}$ $\mathbf{C}$ $\mathbf{D}$ $\mathbf{E}$	repeated. What is the value of $B$ ? (A) $-88$ (B) $-80$ (C) $-64$ Select one: A B C D	(A) $-88$ (B) $-80$ (C) $-64$ (D) $-41$ Select one: $\bigcirc$ A $\bigcirc$ B $\bigcirc$ C $\bigcirc$ D $\bigcirc$ E





A choir director must select a group of singers from among his 6 tenors and 8 basses. The only requirements are that the difference between the numbers of tenors and basses must be a multiple of 4, and the group must have at least one singer. Let $N$ be the number of groups that could be selected. What is the remainder when $N$ is divided by 100?						
<b>(A)</b> 47	<b>(B)</b> 48	(C) 83	<b>(D)</b> 95	(E) 96		
Select one:	:					
$\bigcirc$ A						
ОВ						
⊖ <b>с</b>						
○ D						
○ E						
○ Leave blank (1.5 points)						
	at least one divided by (A) 47 Select one A B C C D E	at least one singer. Let $\vec{A}$ divided by 100? (A) 47 (B) 48 Select one: A B C C D E	at least one singer. Let <i>N</i> be the num divided by 100? (A) 47 (B) 48 (C) 83 Select one: A B C D E	at least one singer. Let $N$ be the number of groups divided by 100? (A) 47 (B) 48 (C) 83 (D) 95 Select one: A B C D E		

Question <b>16</b>	In the following	In the following list of numbers, the integer $n$ appears $n$ times in the list for $1 \leq n \leq 200.$							
Not yet answered Points out of 6	$1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, \ldots, 200, 200, \ldots, 200$ What is the median of the numbers in this list?								
	<b>(A)</b> 100.5	<b>(B)</b> 134	<b>(C)</b> 142	<b>(D)</b> 150.5	<b>(E)</b> 167				
	Select one:								
	○ A								
	⊖ В								
	○ <b>C</b>								
	○ D								
	○ E								
	○ Leave bla	ank (1.5 points	5)						

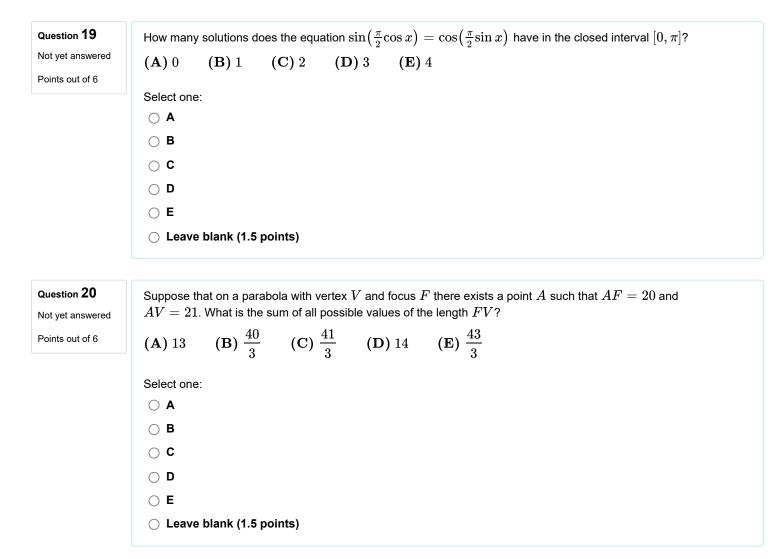
Question 17 Not yet answered Points out of 6	Trapezoid $ABCD$ has $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$ , $BC = CD = 43$ , and $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{BD}$ . Let $O$ be the intersection of the diagonals $\overline{AC}$ and $\overline{BD}$ , and let $P$ be the midpoint of $\overline{BD}$ . Given that $OP = 11$ , the length $AD$ can be written in the form $m\sqrt{n}$ , where $m$ and $n$ are positive integers and $n$ is not divisible by the square of any prime. What is $m + n$ ?								
	<ul> <li>(A) 65 (B) 132 (C) 157 (D) 194 (E) 215</li> <li>Select one:</li> </ul>								
	<b>A</b> (								
	ОВ								
	⊖ <b>с</b>								
	O D								
	○ E								
	⊖ Leave	blank (1.5 poi	nts)						

Not yet answered

Points out of 6

Let f be a function defined on the set of positive rational numbers with the property that  $f(a \cdot b) = f(a) + f(b)$ for all positive rational numbers a and b. Suppose that f also has the property that f(p) = p for every prime number p. For which of the following numbers x is f(x) < 0?

(A) $\frac{17}{32}$	(B) $\frac{11}{16}$	(C) $\frac{7}{9}$	(D) $\frac{7}{6}$	(E) $\frac{25}{11}$
Select one:				
○ A				
⊖В				
⊖ <b>C</b>				
○ D				
○ E				
○ Leave bl	ank (1.5 poin	its)		



The five solutions to the equation

 $(z-1)(z^2+2z+4)(z^2+4z+6)=0$ 

may be written in the form  $x_k + y_k i$  for  $1 \le k \le 5$ , where  $x_k$  and  $y_k$  are real. Let  $\mathcal{E}$  be the unique ellipse that passes through the points  $(x_1, y_1)$ ,  $(x_2, y_2)$ ,  $(x_3, y_3)$ ,  $(x_4, y_4)$ , and  $(x_5, y_5)$ . The eccentricity of  $\mathcal{E}$  can be written in the form  $\sqrt{\frac{m}{n}}$ , where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. What is m + n? (Recall that the eccentricity of an ellipse  $\mathcal{E}$  is the ratio  $\frac{c}{a}$ , where 2a is the length of the major axis of  $\mathcal{E}$  and 2c is the distance between its two foci.)

(A) 7 (B) 9 (C) 11 (D) 13 (E) 15

Select one:

A
B
C

O D

- ⊖ E
- $\bigcirc$  Leave blank (1.5 points)

Question 22 Not yet answered	Suppose that the roots of the polynomial $P(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c$ are $\cos \frac{2\pi}{7}$ , $\cos \frac{4\pi}{7}$ , and $\cos \frac{6\pi}{7}$ , where angles are in radians. What is <i>abc</i> ?
Points out of 6	(A) $-\frac{3}{49}$ (B) $-\frac{1}{28}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt[3]{7}}{64}$ (D) $\frac{1}{32}$ (E) $\frac{1}{28}$
	Select one:
	○ <b>A</b>
	○ B
	⊖ <b>c</b>
	○ <b>D</b>
	○ E
	○ Leave blank (1.5 points)

Not yet answered

Points out of 6

#### Not yet answered

#### Points out of 6

Frieda the frog begins a sequence of hops on a  $3 \times 3$  grid of squares, moving one square on each hop and choosing at random the direction of each hop: up, down, left, or right. She does not hop diagonally. When the direction of a hop would take Frieda off the grid, she "wraps around" and jumps to the opposite edge. For example if Frieda begins in the center square and makes two hops "up", the first hop would place her in the top row middle square, and the second hop would cause Frieda to jump to the opposite edge, landing in the bottom row middle square. Suppose Frieda starts from the center square, makes at most four hops at random, and stops hopping if she lands on a corner square. What is the probability that she reaches a corner square on one of the four hops?

iour nops:					
(A) $\frac{9}{16}$	<b>(B)</b> $\frac{5}{8}$	(C) $\frac{3}{4}$	(D) $\frac{25}{32}$	(E) $\frac{13}{16}$	
Select one:					
$\bigcirc$ A					
⊖ В					
○ C					
$\bigcirc$ D					
○ E					
○ Leave blank (1.5 points)					

Semicircle $\Gamma$ has diameter $\overline{AB}$ of length 14. Circle $\Omega$ lies tangent to $\overline{AB}$ at a point $P$ and intersects $\Gamma$ at points $Q$ and $R$ . If $QR = 3\sqrt{3}$ and $\angle QPR = 60^{\circ}$ , then the area of $\triangle PQR$ is $\frac{a\sqrt{b}}{c}$ , where $a$ and $c$ are relatively prime positive integers, and $b$ is a positive integer not divisible by the square of any prime. What is $a + b + c$ ?					
(A) 110 (B) 114 (C) 118 (D) 122 (E) 126					
Select one:					
$\bigcirc$ A					
○ B					
○ <b>c</b>					
○ D					
○ E					
○ Leave blank (1.5 points)					
	$Q$ and $R$ . If $QR = 3\sqrt{3}$ and $\angle QPR = 60^{\circ}$ , then the area of $\triangle PQR$ is $\frac{a\sqrt{b}}{c}$ , wh prime positive integers, and $b$ is a positive integer not divisible by the square of any p (A) 110 (B) 114 (C) 118 (D) 122 (E) 126 Select one: $\bigcirc$ A $\bigcirc$ B $\bigcirc$ C $\bigcirc$ D $\bigcirc$ E				

Not yet answered

Points out of 6

Let d(n) denote the number of positive integers that divide n, including 1 and n. For example, d(1) = 1, d(2) = 2, and d(12) = 6. (This function is known as the divisor function.) Let

$$f(n)=rac{d(n)}{\sqrt[3]{n}}.$$

There is a unique positive integer N such that f(N) > f(n) for all positive integers  $n \neq N$ . What is the sum of the digits of N?

(A) 5 (B) 6 (C) 7 (D) 8 (E) 9
Select one:
○ A
○ B
○ C
○ D

○ E

 $\bigcirc$  Leave blank (1.5 points)